

## Conservation of Energy

### EXAMPLE Problem 2

**Transferring Heat in a Calorimeter** A calorimeter contains 0.50 kg of water at 15°C. A 0.040-kg block of zinc at 115°C is placed in the water. What is the final temperature of the system?

#### 1 Analyze and Sketch the Problem

- Let zinc be sample A and water be sample B.
- Sketch the transfer of heat from the hotter zinc to the cooler water.

**Known:**

$$\begin{aligned} m_A &= 0.040 \text{ kg} \\ C_A &= 388 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C} \\ T_A &= 115^\circ\text{C} \\ m_B &= 0.50 \text{ kg} \\ C_B &= 4180 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C} \\ T_B &= 15.0^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

**Unknown:**

$$T_f = ?$$

Before block of zinc is placed



$$\begin{aligned} m_B &= 0.50 \text{ kg} \\ T_B &= 15^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

After block of zinc is placed



$$\begin{aligned} m_A &= 0.040 \text{ kg} \\ T_A &= 115^\circ\text{C} \\ T_f &= ? \end{aligned}$$

**Math Handbook**

Operations with  
Significant Digits  
pages 835–836

#### 2 Solve for the Unknown

Determine the final temperature using the following equation.

$$\begin{aligned} T_f &= \frac{m_A C_A T_A + m_B C_B T_B}{m_A C_A + m_B C_B} \\ &= \frac{(0.040 \text{ kg})(388 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C})(115^\circ\text{C}) + (0.50 \text{ kg})(4180 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C})(15.0^\circ\text{C})}{(0.040 \text{ kg})(388 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C}) + (0.50 \text{ kg})(4180 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C})} \\ &= 16^\circ\text{C} \end{aligned}$$

Substitute  $m_A = 0.040 \text{ kg}$ ,  
 $C_A = 388 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_A = 115^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $m_B = 0.50 \text{ kg}$ ,  $C_B = 4180 \text{ J/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C}$ ,  
 $T_B = 15^\circ\text{C}$

### PRACTICE Problems

- Additional Problems, Appendix B
- Solutions to Selected Problems, Appendix C

- A  $2.00 \times 10^2$ -g sample of water at  $80.0^\circ\text{C}$  is mixed with  $2.00 \times 10^2$  g of water at  $10.0^\circ\text{C}$ . Assume that there is no heat loss to the surroundings. What is the final temperature of the mixture?
- A  $4.00 \times 10^2$ -g sample of methanol at  $16.0^\circ\text{C}$  is mixed with  $4.00 \times 10^2$  g of water at  $85.0^\circ\text{C}$ . Assume that there is no heat loss to the surroundings. What is the final temperature of the mixture?
- Three metal fishing weights, each with a mass of  $1.00 \times 10^2$  g and at a temperature of  $100.0^\circ\text{C}$ , are placed in  $1.00 \times 10^2$  g of water at  $35.0^\circ\text{C}$ . The final temperature of the mixture is  $45.0^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the specific heat of the metal in the weights?
- A  $1.00 \times 10^2$ -g aluminum block at  $100.0^\circ\text{C}$  is placed in  $1.00 \times 10^2$  g of water at  $10.0^\circ\text{C}$ . The final temperature of the mixture is  $25.0^\circ\text{C}$ . What is the specific heat of the aluminum?